

The Weyl tensor

$$C_{ab}{}^{ed} = R_{ab}{}^{ed} - 2\delta \begin{bmatrix} e & d \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{3} R \delta \begin{bmatrix} e & d \\ a & b \end{bmatrix}$$

Dual of a 2-rank antisymmetric tensor is defined as

$$\tilde{F}_{ab} = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{abcd} F^{cd} \text{, where } \epsilon_{abcd} \text{ is 4-D Levi civita}$$

Now

$$F_{ab}{}^{+} = (F_{ab} + \tilde{F}_{ab}) \frac{1}{2} \text{ [self dual]}$$

$$F_{ab}{}^{-} = (F_{ab} - \tilde{F}_{ab}) \frac{1}{2} \text{ [anti self dual]}$$

The self dual and anti-self dual projection operator is -

$$\Pi_{ab}{}^{\pm ed} = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \delta \begin{bmatrix} e & d \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} \pm \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{abcd} \right\}$$

Now how to do it for

$$R_{ab}{}^{ed} \quad ?$$

is it

$$R_{ab}{}^{-ed} = \Pi_{ab}{}^{-mn} \Pi^{-ed}{}_{gh} R_{mn}{}^{gh} \quad ?$$

or.

some other definition?