

Two forces act on a 55-Kg object.

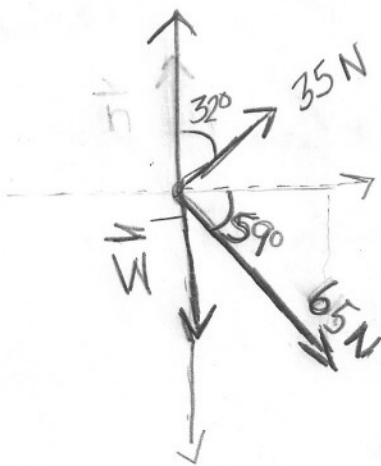
ONE has magnitude 65 N directed  $59^\circ$  clockwise from positive x-axis.

The other has magnitude 35 N at  $32^\circ$  clockwise from the positive y axis.

What is the acceleration of the object?

Answer is given as:  
 $1.1 \text{ m/s}^2$

Known  
mass 55 Kg



$$\begin{array}{lcl} F_{65} & \begin{array}{c} x \\ \cos(59^\circ)(65 \text{ N}) \\ y \\ -\sin(59^\circ)(65 \text{ N}) \end{array} & \\ T_{35} & \begin{array}{c} x \\ \sin(32^\circ)(35 \text{ N}) \\ y \\ \cos(32^\circ)(35 \text{ N}) \end{array} & \\ \vec{W} & 0 & -539 \leftarrow \vec{W}_{55 \text{ Kg } (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_x &= \sin(32^\circ)(35 \text{ N}) + \cos(59^\circ)(65 \text{ N}) = m a_x \\ 620.19 &= m a_x \\ a_x &= 11.28 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F(x) + \sum F(y) & \\ = 11.28 - 10.27 & \\ = 1.01 \text{ m/s}^2 & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_y &= \cos(32^\circ)(35 \text{ N}) - \sin(59^\circ)(65 \text{ N}) - 55 \text{ Kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= -565.03 = m a_y \\ a_y &= -10.27 \end{aligned}$$